

# Safety data sheet

Complies with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/830

#### **ACETYLENE 2.6**

Issue date: 10/14/2021 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0

SDS reference: EIGA001

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name ACETYLENE MSDS No. EIGA097A Chemical description Acetylene

CAS number: 74-86-2 N°ONE: 1001 EC number: 200-816-9

Registration number Listed in Annex IV/V of REACH, exempt from registration

Chemical formula C2H2

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant uses identified Industrial and professional. Carry out a risk analysis before use

Contact the supplier for more information on use

Uses advised against Consumer use

#### 1.3. Information regarding the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company identification SARL RAYANOX

ZA Bethioua Wilaya of Oran, Algeria

Tel: 041-79-35-22 Fax: 041-79-32-23 Contact@rayanox.co sarlrayanox@gmail.com

1.4. Emergency call number

Emergency call number Tel: +21365550342

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard Identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards Flammable gases, Category 1 H220 Chemically unstable gases, Category A H230

Gas under pressure: Compressed gas H280

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)





Signal word (CLP) : Hazard

Hazard statements (CLP) : H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

 $\ensuremath{\text{H230}}$  -  $\ensuremath{\text{May}}$  explode even in the absence of air

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

Prevention:
 P202 - Do not handle until you have read and understood all safety precautions

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition. NO

SMOKING.

Intervention: P377 - Burning gas leak: Do not extinguish if the leak cannot be stopped without

Hazard.

P381 - In case of leak, eliminate all sources of ignition

Storage: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated area.

2.3. Other dangers

: None).

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

NAME Product identifier	Impurity	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
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Issue date: 10/14/2021 Replaces sheet: 4.0 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0

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Acetylene (CAS No.) 74-86-2 (EC No.) 200-816-9 PH3 ≤5ppm ≤5ppm ≤100ppm ≤5ppm 99,995 Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.), H281

3.1. Substance

Does not contain other components or impurities which could modify the classification of the product.

3.2. Mixtures: Not applicable

#### **SECTION 4: First aid**

Skin contact

4.1. Description of first aid

- Inhalation Move the victim to an uncontaminated area, putting on a breathing apparatus

Individual autonomy (ARI). Keep the victim warm and at rest. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if the victim stops breathing.

Evacuate the victim to a non-contaminated area.

No adverse effects expected with this product.

No adverse effects expected with this product.

Eye contact
 Ingestion
 No adverse effects expected with this product.
 Ingestion is not considered a possible mode of exposure

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: None).

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents Water spray or cloud

- Dry powder

- Unsuitable extinguishing agents Carbon dioxide

- do not use a jet of water to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific risks Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture and explode

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Specific methods Use extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat may cause

gas containers to rupture. Cool exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.

Do not allow watering water used in emergency cases to flow into the gutters.

If possible, stop the gas flow.

Use water spray or cloud to reduce the fumes to the ground if possible

Do not extinguish a flaming gas leak unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous and explosive re-

ignition may occur. Turn off other fires

Continue to water from a protected location until the container remains cool.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for firefighters In confined spaces use a personal self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Protective clothing

and self-contained breathing equipment for firefighters.

Standard EN 137 - Autonomous open circuit compressed air device with a full face mask. Standard EN 469: protective clothing for firefighters. Standard EN 659: Protective gloves

For firefighters

#### SECTION 6: Measures to be taken in the event of accidental release

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-rescuers Act according to the local emergency plan

Try to stop the leak
Evacuate the area.
Eliminate sources of ignition
Ensure adequate air ventilation.

See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment

For first aiders Check the concentration of the released product.

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when entering the area unless you have

verified that it is safe

See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information

6.2. <u>Precautions for environmental protection</u>

Try to stop the leak.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area

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Issue date: 10/14/2021 Replaces sheet: 4.0 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0 SDS reference: EIGA001

#### 6.4. Reference to other SECTIONS

See also sections 8 and 13

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safety when using the product

Safety when handling the gas container

The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only persons with appropriate experience and training should handle gases under pressure.

Consider adding pressure safety valve(s) to the installation.

You ensure that the entire gas installation has been (or is regularly) checked for the absence of leaks, before use

Do not smoke while handling the product.

Use only specified equipment appropriate for this product and its operating pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.

Assess the potential risks of explosive atmospheres and the need for anti-explosion equipment (ATEX).

Purge the air from the installation before introducing the gas.

Avoid the return of water, acids and alkalis.

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge.

Keep away from all sources of ignition (including electrostatic charges).

Use only non-sparking tools.

Avoid contact with pure copper, mercury, silver and brass with more than 65% copper.

Operating pressure in the pipes limited to 1.5 bar (gauge).

Consider the use of flame retardants.

Solvent can build up in pipes. For maintenance, use suitable resistant gloves (specific for DMF or acetone), waterproof protective glasses. Do not breathe solvent vapors. Maintain adequate ventilation.

Don't breathe the gas

Avoid letting the product into the air Ensure equipment is properly grounded

Refer to the supplier's instructions for handling the container.

Prohibit products from rising into the container

Protect cylinders from physical damage, do not pull, roll, slide, drop To move the bottles even a short distance, use a cart (bottle rolls,

etc.), designed for transporting bottles

Leave the tap protection cap in place until the container is again secured either by a wall or support or placed in a container or placed in position for use.

If the user encounters any difficulty opening or closing the cylinder valve, the user should discontinue use and contact the supplier

Never attempt to repair or modify a container valve or its pressure relief devices.

Damaged faucets should be reported immediately to the supplier

Keep tap outlets from containers clean and not contaminated, particularly with oil or water. If the container has been equipped with one, as soon as it has been disconnected from the installation, replace the cap or the tap outlet cap.

Close the container tap after each use and when empty, even if it is still connected to the equipment.

Never attempt to transfer gases from a bottle/container into another container.

Never use a direct flame or electric heater to increase the pressure in the container.

Do not remove or damage the labels put by the supplier to identify the contents of the bottle. Prevent water from being drawn into the container.

Open the tap slowly to avoid a sudden build-up of pressure (water hammer).

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Follow all local regulations and requirements for container storage.

Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to aggravate corrosion.

Container valve covers or caps must be in place.

Containers must be stored in an upright position and secured to prevent falling.

 $Containers\ in\ stock\ should\ be\ periodically\ checked\ for\ general\ condition\ and\ absence\ of\ leaks.$ 

Store the container in a well-ventilated area, at a temperature below  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$  In storage, separate flammable gases and other flammable materials

Store containers in areas not exposed to the risk of fire and away from sources of heat and ignition.

Keep away from combustible materials

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

: None).

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control Settings

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Issue date: 10/14/2021 Replaces sheet: 4.0 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0

**OEL (Occupational Exposure Limits)** : Not available.

Acetylene (74-86-2)

SDS reference: EIGA001

DNEL: derived level without effect (workers)

: 2675 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Acute - systemic effects, inhalation

2500ppm

2675 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Long term - systemic effects, inhalation

2500ppm

PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)) : Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate technical controls

Maintain appropriate exhaust ventilation locally and overall.

Pressure equipment should be checked regularly for leaks

Avoid atmospheres enriched in oxygen (>23.5%)

Gas detectors should be used when oxidizing gases are likely to be released

Think about work permits, e.g. for maintenance.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment

A risk analysis of the use of the product must be conducted and documented in all workplaces affected by the use of the product in order to choose personal safety equipment regarding the

identified risks. The following recommendations should be considered Choose Personal Protective Equipment that complies with recommended EN/ISO standards.

Wear safety glasses equipped with side protection Eye/face protection

Standard EN 166 - Individual eye protection - Specifications.

Skin protection

-Hand protection Wear protective gloves when handling gas cylinders.

Standard EN 388-Protective gloves against mechanical risks.

Wear cold-insulating gloves during transfer or disconnection of transfer lines.

Standard EN 511 - Insulating gloves against the cold.

-Miscellaneous Consider wearing fire-resistant and anti-static safety clothing.

Standard EN ISO 14116 - Materials with limited flame expansion. Standard EN 1149-5 - protective clothing: Electrostatic properties.

Wear safety shoes when handling cylinders.

Standard EN ISO 20345: Personal Protective Equipment - safety shoes.

Respiratory protection Gas filters can be used if all surrounding conditions are known, e.g. concentration and type of

impurities and duration of use.

Use gas filters and a face mask when exposure limits can be exceeded for a short period e.g.

connecting, disconnecting cylinders.

Gas filters do not protect against under-oxygenation.

Standard EN 14387 - gas filter(s), combined filters and full face masks - EN 136.

Wear tight protective goggles equipped with appropriate filters for welding and cutting. Thermal risks

8.2.3. Ambient exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for atmospheric emission restrictions. See Section 13 for specific

methods for treating waste gases.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on essential physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa : Gaseous Color : Colorless.

Smell : Smell of garlic. Difficult to detect at low concentration.

Olfactory threshold : Detection of thresholds by smell is subjective and inappropriate for warning in the event of

overexposure

: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Melting point / Freezing point : -80.8°C : -84°C **Boiling point** 

Flash point : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures. : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures. Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable gas.

**Explosive limits** : 2.3 - 100 vol%. Vapor pressure [20°C] : 44 bar(a). : Not applicable. Vapor pressure [50°C] Vapor density : Not applicable.

Relative density, liquid (water=1) : Not applicable. SARL RAYANOX EN: French

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# Rayan X

# **ACETYLENE 2.6**

lssue date: 10/14/2021 Replaces sheet: 4.0 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0

SDS reference: EIGA001

Relative density, gas (air=1) : 0.9
Water solubility : 1185 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : 0.37
Auto-ignition temperature : 305°C.

Decomposition temperature : Not applicable.

Viscosity : No reliable data available. Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Explosive properties : Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties : Not applicable.

Other information

Molar mass 26 g/mol Critical temperature [°C] 35°C

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in the sections below

10.2. Chemical stability Dissolved in a solvent absorbed into a porous material.

Stable under recommended conditions of use and storage (see section 7)

May react explosively even in the absence of air.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

May react explosively even in the absence of air

May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure, or in the presence of a

catalyst.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - Not

to smoke. High temperature. High pressure.

Avoid humidity in installations.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Air, Oxidizers.

Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper.

Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.

For further information on compatibility, refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. <u>Hazardous decomposition products</u>

: No dangerous decomposition products under normal conditions of use and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ 

storage

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

acute toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

: Acetylene has low inhalation toxicity. The exposure limit value (ELV) for low-level human  $\,$ 

poisoning without residual effects is 100,000 ppm (107,000 mg/m3).

There are no data for toxicity by ingestion or by skin contact (studies impossible because the

substance is a gas at room temperature).

: No known effects with this product.

 Serious eye damage/eye irritation
 : No known effects with this product.

 Respiratory or skin sensitization
 : No known effects with this product.

 Cell mutagenicity
 : No known effects with this product.

 Carcinogenicity
 : No known effects with this product.

Toxic for reproduction: fertility : No known effects with this product.

Toxic for reproduction: fetus : No known effects with this product.

Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure : No known effects with this product.

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: No known effects with this product.Inhalation hazard: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Assessment : This product is ecologically safe.

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lssue date: 10/14/2021 Replaces sheet: 4.0 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]

EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] LC50 96 Hours - fish [mg/l]

SDS reference: EIGA001

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment

Assessment

: Rapid degradation by photolysis in air

Does not undergo the hydrolysis reaction.

: No bioaccumulation to be expected in the event of a low log Kow (log Kow<4 See section 9.

: 242 mg/l

: 57 mg/l.

: 545 mg/l

12.4. Mobility in the ground

12.3. Bioaccumulation potential

Assessment

Due to its high volatility, pollution of soil or water by this product is unlikely.

Penetration into the ground not likely.

12.5. Results of PBT and VPVB assessments

Assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Effect on the ozone layer Effect on global warming : No known effects with this product.

: No known effects with this product.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact the supplier if instructions are needed.

Can be placed in a well-ventilated area

Do not discharge into any location where its accumulation could be hazardous.

Check that the emission levels imposed by local regulations or operating permits are not

exceeded.

For further recommendations on gas disposal methods, refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc 30

"Disposal of gases", downloadable from http://www.eiga.eu. Return the uneaten product to the supplier in its original container

List of hazardous waste 16 05 04: Gases in pressure vessels (including halons) containing substances

Dangerous.

13.2. Further information

For disposal, have the gas bottle returned to the supplier only. The bottle contains a porous material which may contain asbestos particles and which is saturated with a solvent (acetone or dimethylformamide).

The treatment and disposal of waste by third parties must be in accordance with local and/or national legislation.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1. UN number

UN number : 1001

14.2. UN proper shipping name

 Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)
 ACETYLENE

 Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)
 Acetylene,

 Transport by sea (IMDG)
 ACETYLENE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labeling



2.1: Flammable gases.

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Class :2 Classification code : 4F Danger no. : 23

Restriction of passage in tunnels : B/D - Prohibition on crossing tunnels of categories B, C, D and E for transport in

cisterns. Prohibition on crossing category D and E tunnels.

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class or division / Subsidiary risk(s) : 2.1

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Not applicable
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable

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Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : None).
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None).
Transport by sea (IMDG) : None).

#### 14.6. Special precautions to be taken by the user

Packaging instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Passenger and cargo aircraft : Forbidden
Cargo plane only : 200
Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200

Precautionary measures for transport Avoid transport in vehicles where the load compartment is not separated from the driver's cab.

Ensure that the vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and the steps to take in

the event of an accident or other emergency situation.

Before transporting containers:
Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
Make sure containers are firmly secured

Make sure the cylinder valve is closed and not leaking

Make sure that the faucet outlet protection cap (if it exists) is correctly

put in place.

Ensure that the tap protection device (if it exists) is correctly put in place.

place

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk in accordance with Annex II of the Marpol Convention and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific to the substance or mixture

**EU** regulations

Employment restrictions : None).
Seveso Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : List.

**National guidelines** 

National regulations:

**Chemical Safety Assessment** 

: Ensure that all national or local regulations are followed.

:A Chemical Risk Assessment (CSA) does not need to be carried out for this product.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indications of change : None).

Abbreviations and acronyms

**ETA-Estimate of Acute Toxicity** 

CLP- Classification Labeling Packaging - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 relating to classification,

labeling and packaging.

 ${\sf REACH-Registration,Evaluation,Authorization} \ and \ {\sf Restriction} \ of \ {\sf Chemicals-Regulation} \ ({\sf EC})$ 

No 1907/2006 concerning the registration, evaluation and authorization of chemical

substances, as well as the restrictions applicable to these substances. \\

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances - Inventory

European marketed chemical substances

CAS number - numerical identifier assigned by the Chemical Abstract Service (USA)

PPE - Personal protective equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration - Lethal concentration for 50% of the population tested

RMM-Risk Management Measures

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

vPvB - very (very) Persistent and very (very) Bioaccumulative.

STOT - SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure; Specific target organ toxicity -

Single exposure.

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Issue date: 10/14/2021 Replaces sheet: 4.0 Revision date: 10/14/2021 Version: 6.0 SDS reference: EIGA001

CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment

EN - European Norm - European Standard

UN - United Nations - United Nations

ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

IATA - International Air Transport Association - International Air Transport Association

 ${\bf IMDG\ Code\ -\ International\ Maritime\ Dangerous\ Goods\ Code\ -\ Code\ for\ maritime\ transport}$ 

: Ensure that operators understand the flammability risks

Before using this product for a new application or for testing, a thorough material compatibility study and risk analysis should be performed.

The information given in this document is believed to be accurate at the time of printing.

Despite the care taken in drafting this document, no liability can be accepted in the event of damage or accident resulting from its use.

Training Tips

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

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