

# **SAFETY DATA**

Complies with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/830

## **CARBON DIOXIDE 4.8**

Revision date: 10/14/2021

Version: 6.0

Issue date: 10/14/2021 SDS reference: EIGA018A

11 0	: Identificatio	n of the su	bstance/mixture and company/unde	ertaking
1.1. <u>Pro</u>	auct identifier			
Trade name MSDS No. Chemical descrip	otion	CARE EIGA	30N DIOXIDE 061A	
		CAS r N°ON	number: 124-38-9 VE: 1013	
		EC nu	umber: 204-696-9	
Registration num	nber a	Liste CO2	d in Annex IV/V of REACH, exempt from registration	
1.2. <u>Rele</u>	evant identified u	ses of the subs	tance or mixture and uses advised against	
≀elevant uses ide	entified	Extin Indus	guishing agent strial and professional. Carry out a risk analysis before u	Jse
		Test	or calibration gas	
		Purg	e, dilution, inerting gas.	
		Use i	n the manufacture of electronic or photovoltaic compo	pnents.
		Food	applications.	
		Cont	act the supplier for more information on use	
Jses advised aga	ainst	None	e)	
1.3. <u>Info</u>	ormation regarding	g the supplier of	of the safety data sheet	
company identif	lication	SARI	L RAYANOX	
			0/1_70_35_22	
		Fax:	041-79-32-23	
		Cont	tact@ravanox.co	
		sarlr	rayanox@gmail.com	
1.4. <u>Eme</u>	ergency call numb	er		
mergency call n	number	Tel:	+21365550342	
SECTION 2:	: Hazard Ident	tification		
2.1. Clas	sification of the s	ubstance or m	ixture	
Classification according to the contract of th	cording to Regulatio Gas under	n (EC) No. 1272/ pressure: Lique	/2008 [CLP] fied gas H280	
2.2. <u>Lab</u> e	el elements			
.abeling accordi Hazard pictograr	ng to Regulation (EC ms (CLP)	C) No. 1272/2008	3 [CLP]	
			$\langle \cdot \rangle$	
			GHS04	
ignal word (CLP	?)		: Attention	
lazard statemen	nts (CLP) atements (CLP)		: H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may ex	plode if heated
recoulionary sta		– Storage :	P403 - Store in a well-ventilated area.	
Additional Inform	nation I <b>gers</b>		Do not inhale the product intentionally, due t	to the risk of asphyxiation.
			: Asphyxiant at high concentration. Contact with liquid can cause cold burns and At high concentrations, CO2 quickly causes ci concentrations. Symptoms include headache,	frostbite rculatory failure, even at normal oxygen , nausea and vomiting, which can lead to loss of
			consciousness and death.	
	-			
SECTION 3:	: Composition	ı/informati	on on ingredients	



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<u>Carbon dio</u>	oxide_	<u>(CAS No.) 124-38-9</u> (EC No.) 204-696-9	<u>≥99,998</u>	CO ≤1ppm	O2 ≤02ppm	N2 ≤08ppm	H2O ≤3ppm	CnHm ≤01ppm	Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.), H280
3.1.	Sul	ostances					1		
2.2	мі	<b>rtures</b> .Not applicat							
5.2.	1411	iver applicat	JIC						
SECTIO	N A	· First aid							
4.1.	De	scription of first ai	<u>d</u>						
-	Inha	ation	_		Move	the victim t	o an unconta	minated area, p	outting on a breathing apparatus
					Individ Perfor	lual autono m cardiopu	my (ARI). Kee Imonary resi	ep the victim wa scitation if the	arm and at rest. Call a doctor. victim stops breathing
-					Perfor	m cardiopu	Imonary resu	scitation if the	victim stops breathing breathe more
-	Skin	contact			In case	e of frostbit	e, spray with	water for at lea	st 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain
-	Eye	contact			Immedica	diately flush	e. 1 eyes with pl	enty of water fo	or at least 15 minutes.
-	Inge	stion			Ingesti	on is not co	onsidered a p	ossible mode of	f exposure
4.2.	Mo	ist important symp	otoms and	effects, t	May ci	<u>e and dela</u> ause asphys	<b>iyed</b> viation at hig	h concentration	s. Symptoms may include loss of consciousness or
					motor	skills. The v	ictim may no	ot be aware of t	he asphyxiation.
					Low co	oncentratio	ns of carbon	dioxide cause ra	apid breathing and headaches.
43	Ind	ication of any imm	nediate m	edical att	Refer	d special t	⊥. treatment r	needed	
		ication of any min			: None	:).		<u>iccucu</u>	
SECTIO	)N 5	: Fire-fighting	measu	res					
5.1.	Ext Suite	inguishing media	onto	W/ato	r sprav or	cloud			
-	Suite	ible extiliguisting age	:1115	The p	roduct doe	es not burn	, use fire-figh	ting measures a	appropriate for the surrounding fire.
-	Unsu	itable extinguishing a	agents	Do no	ot use a jet	of water to	o extinguish		
5.2.	Spe sks	ecial hazards arisin	g from the	e substan	ce or mix	ture may cause	containers t	o runture and e	volode
Hazardous	s com	bustion products		None	).	may cause	containers t	o rupture and e	Aploue .
5.3.	Ad	vice for firefighters	<u>s</u>						
Specific m	ethoo	s			Use ex	tinguishing	media suitat	ole for the surro	unding fire. Exposure to fire and heat may cause g
					allow	watering wa	ater used in e	emergency cases	s to flow into the gutters.
					If poss	ible, stop th	ne gas flow.	dues the fumer	to the ground if persible
					Use w	ater spray c		duce the rumes	to the ground if possible
					Move	containers	from fire are	a if it can be dor	ne without risk.
Special pro	otecti	ve equipment for fire	fighters		In con	fined space	s use a perso	nal self-contain	ed breathing apparatus (SCBA)
					Protec	tive clothin ard FN 137 ·	g and self-co - Autonomou	ntained breathi Is open circuit ci	ng equipment for firefighters ompressed air device with a full face mask
					Standa	ard EN 469:	protective cl	othing for firefi	ghters. Standard EN 659: Protective gloves
					For fire	efighters			
SECTIO	N 6	: Measures to	be take	en in th	e even	t of acc	idental r	elease	
6.1.	Per	sonal precautions,	, protectiv	<u>ve eq</u> uipm	ent and e	emergency	y procedure	encuse s	
For non-re	escuer	S	-		Act ac	cording to t	he local eme	rgency plan.	
					Try to	stop the lea	ak		
					Evacua	ate the area	air ventilatio	n	
					Use pr	otective clo	othing.		
					Stay u	pwind.	-		
					See se	ction 8 of tl	he SDS for m	ore information	on personal protective equipment
For first ai	ders				Wear a	a self-conta d that it is s	ined breathii afe	ng apparatus (SO	CBA) when entering the area unless you have
					Oxyge	n detectors	should be us	ed when asphy	xiating gases may be released.
					See se	ction 5.3 of	the SDS for i	more informatio	on
6.2.	Pre	ecautions for enviro	onmental	protectio	<u>n</u>				
SARL RAYANOX ZA Bethioua Wi	laya of O	ran,				EN: French			
Algeria. 041 – 74 – 93 -2	23/24								

Rayan	CARBON I	DIOXIDE 4.8	
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	Try to stop the le Liquid spills can	eak. cause embrittlement of building materials	
6.3. <u>Methods and material for</u>	r containment and cleaning up		
6.4 Poforanco to other SECTU	Ventilate the are	ea	
6.4. <u>Reference to other Section</u>	See also sections	5 8 and 13	
SECTION 7: Handling and st	torage		
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	dling		
Safety when using the product	The product mu: Only persons wit Consider adding You ensure that leaks, before use Do not smoke w Use only specifie temperature. Co	st be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene th appropriate experience and training should handle gas pressure safety valve(s) to the installation. the entire gas installation has been (or is regularly) check hile handling the product. ed equipment appropriate for this product and its operation intact your gas supplier if in doubt.	and safety procedures. les under pressure. led for the absence of ing pressure and
	Avoid the return Use only with cle Avoid the return Do not breathe t Avoid letting the Containers whic with liquid carbo avoid the risk of Be aware of the	of water, acids and alkalis eaned equipment approved for oxygen use and calculate of water, acids and alkalis. the gas. product into the air h contain or have contained flammable or explosive prod on dioxide. Any formation of solid carbon dioxide particle electrostatic discharge, the system must be properly gro risk of static electricity formation with the use of fire exti them in locations where a flammable atmorphone more	d for cylinder pressures lucts must not be inerted s must be excluded. To unded. inguishers
Safety when handling the gas container	Refer to the sup Refer to the sup Prohibit product Protect cylinders To move the bot etc.), designed fo Leave the tap pr support or place If the user encou discontinue use Never attempt t Damaged faucet Keep tap outlets If the container installation, repl Close the contain equipment. Never attempt t Never attempt t Never use a dire Do not remove of Prevent water fr Open the tap slo ge, including any incompatibilities For further recoi see EIGA Doc. 11 bttp://www.sige	the minor obtained a manimulate atmosphere may complete in a complete in a container is from physical damage, do not pull, roll, slide, drop tiles or transporting bottles otection cap in place until the container is again secured d in a container or placed in position for use. Inters any difficulty opening or closing the cylinder valve, and contact the supplier or repair or modify a container valve or its pressure relief s should be reported immediately to the supplier from containers clean and not contaminated, particular has been equipped with one, as soon as it has been disco ace the cap or the tap outlet cap. Inters any after each use and when empty, even if it is still container to increase the pressure in the or damage the labels put by the supplier to identify the completer of a sudden build-up of pressure (water hammediations for the safe storage of liquid oxygen, liquid 15 "Storage of Cryogenic Air Gases at Users Premises" do ace and concult the supplier to a concult the supplier of a container.	either by a wall or the user should devices. y with oil or water. innected from the onnected to the ntainer. container. container. ontents of the bottle. erer).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	See EIGA Doc. 11 http://www.eiga Follow all local r Containers shou Containers wave Containers in sto Store the contain In storage, separ Store containers ignition. Keep away from	combustible materials	falling. and absence of leaks. C purces of heat and
SARL RAYANOX	: None).		3/7

EN: French



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#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. Control Settings **OEL** (Occupational Exposure Limits) : Not available. Carbon dioxide (124-38-9) EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL) Local name Carbon dioxide IOEL TWA 9000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> IOEL TWA [ppm] 5000ppm COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/15/EC Regulatory reference DNEL (Derived No Effect Dose) : Not available. PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)) : Not available. 8.2. Exposure controls 8.2.1. Appropriate technical controls Maintain appropriate exhaust ventilation locally and overall. Pressure equipment should be checked regularly for leaks Ensure that exposure limits are not exceeded (if available). Gas detectors should be used when oxidizing gases are likely to be released Think about work permits, e.g. for maintenance. CO2 detectors should be used when CO2 may be released. 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment A risk analysis of the use of the product must be conducted and documented in all workplaces affected by the use of the product in order to choose personal safety equipment regarding the identified risks. The following recommendations should be considered Choose Personal Protective Equipment that complies with recommended EN/ISO standards. Eye/face protection Wear tight safety glasses and a face shield when transferring or disconnecting transfer lines. Standard EN 166 - Individual eye protection - Specifications. Skin protection – Hand protection Wear protective gloves when handling gas cylinders. Standard EN 388-Protective gloves against mechanical risks. -Miscellaneous Wear safety shoes when handling cylinders. Standard EN ISO 20345: Personal Protective Equipment - safety shoes. Gas filters can be used if all surrounding conditions are known e.g. concentration and type of Respiratory protection impurities and duration of use Use gas filters and a face mask when exposure limits can be exceeded for a short period e.g. connecting, disconnecting cylinders. Consult the product information of the respiratory equipment supplier to choose the most appropriate Gas filters do not protect against under-oxygenation. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or mask with positive pressure air supply should be used in under-oxygenated atmospheres. Standard EN 14387 - Respiratory protective devices - Anti-gas filters and combined filters and Standard EN 136 - Respiratory protective devices - full masks. Standard EN 137 - Autonomous open circuit compressed air device with a full face mask. Thermal risks No additions to previous sections 8.2.3. Ambient exposure controls None are necessary. **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** Information on essential physical and chemical properties Appearance Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa : Gaseous ٠ : Colorless. Color Smell : Not detectable by odor Olfactory threshold : Detection of thresholds by smell is subjective and inappropriate for warning in the event of overexposure pН : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Melting point / Freezing point **Boiling point** Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)

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: Non-flammable. EN: French

:-56.6°C

: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

: -78.5  $^\circ\text{C}$  at atmospheric pressure, dry ice sublimates into gaseous CO2

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Explosive limits	: Non-flammable.
Vapor pressure [20°C]	: 57.3 bar(a)
Vapor pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Vapor density	: Not applicable.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: 0.82
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 1.52
Water solubility	: 2000 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: 0.83
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non-flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: No reliable data available.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: Not applicable.
Other information	
Molar mass	44 g/mol
Critical temperature [°C]	30°C
Other data	Gas or vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined areas, particularly in low areas and
	basements.

10.1. <u>Reactivity</u>	
	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in the sections below
10.2. Chemical stability	
	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	None).
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
	Avoid humidity in installations.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
	None).
	For further information on compatibility, refer to ISO 11114.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	: None).

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
acute toxicity	: Unlike only asphyxiating materials, carbon dioxide can cause death, even when the oxygen content is normal (20-21%). It has been found that at a content of 5%, CO2 can lead to an increase in the toxicity of other gases (CO, NO2). CO2 has been shown to increase the production of carboxyhemoglobin or bind to hemoglobin, possibly due to CO2's stimulatory effects on the respiratory and circulatory systems.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: No known effects with this product.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: No known effects with this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: No known effects with this product.
Cell mutagenicity	: No known effects with this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects with this product.
Toxic for reproduction: fertility	: No known effects with this product.
Toxic for reproduction: fetus	: No known effects with this product.
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure	: No known effects with this product.
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: No known effects with this product.
Inhalation hazard	: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **12.1.** <u>Toxicity</u> Assessment

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] LC50 96 Hours - fish [mg/l]

#### 12.2. <u>Persistence and degradability</u> Assessment

### 12.3. Bioaccumulation potential

Assessment

SARL RAYANOX ZA Bethioua Wilaya of Oran, Algeria. 041 – 74 – 93 -23/24 This product is ecologically safe. No data available. No data available. No data available.

This product is ecologically safe.

This product is ecologically safe.

EN: French



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<b>12.4.</b> <u>Mobility in the ground</u> Assessment		Due to its high volatility, pollution of soil or water by this product is unlikely. Penetration into the ground not likely
12.5. Results of PBT and VPVB a	<u>ssessments</u>	
Assessment 12.6 Other adverse effects		Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
Other adverse effects		No known effects with this product
Effect on the ozone layer Global warming potential [CO2=1]		: No effect on the ozone layer : 1
Effect on global warming		: May contribute to the greenhouse effect when discharged in large quantities. Contains greenhouse gas(es)
SECTION 13: Disposal Consid	derations	
13.1. <u>Waste treatment methods</u>	<u>i</u>	
List of hazardous waste		Can be placed in a well-ventilated area Do not discharge into any location where its accumulation could be hazardous. Return the uneaten product to the supplier in its original container 16.05.04: Gases in pressure vessels (including balons) containing substances
		Dangerous.
13.2. <u>Further information</u>		The treatment and disposal of waste by third parties must be in accordance with local and/or national legislation.
SECTION 14: Transport infor	mation	
14.1. <u>UN number</u>		
UN number 14.2 LIN proper shipping name		: 1013
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)		CARBON DIOXIDE
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)		Carbon dioxide
<u>Transport by sea (IMDG)</u> 14.3 Transport bazard class(es)		CARBON DIOXIDE
Labeling		
		2.2: Non-flammable, non-toxic gases.
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)		·1
Classification code		:2A
Danger no.		: 20
Restriction of passage in tunnels		passage prohibited in category C, D and E tunnels. Other transport:
Transport by sea (IMDG)		
14.4. <u>Packing group</u>		. 2.2
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)		: Not applicable
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)		: Not applicable
14 5 Environmental bazards		: Not applicable
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)		: None).
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)		: None).
Transport by sea (IMDG)		: None).
14.6. <u>Special precautions to be 1</u> Packaging instruction(s)	aken by the user	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)		: P200
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)		
Passenger and cargo aircraft		: 200
Transport by sea (IMDG)		P200
Precautionary measures for transport		Avoid transport in vehicles where the load compartment is not separated from the driver's cab.

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14.7. <u>Transport in bulk in acco</u>	rdance with Annex	Ensure that the vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and the set the event of an accident or other emergency situation. Before transporting containers: Ensure there is adequate ventilation. Make sure containers are firmly secured Make sure the cylinder valve is closed and not leaking Make sure that the faucet outlet protection cap (if it exists) is correctly in place. Ensure that the tap protection device (if it exists) is correctly put in place <b>II of the Marpol Convention and the IBC Code</b> : Not applicable.	steps to take in
SECTION 15: Regulatory inf	formation		
Safety, health and environmental re	egulations/legislati	on specific to the substance or mixture	
EU regulations	-8		
Employment restrictions		: None).	
National guidelines		: Not covered	
National regulations:		: Ensure that all national or local regulations are followed.	
Chemical Safety Assessment		A Chemical Risk Assessment (CSA) does not need to be carried out for this product.	
SECTION 16: Other informa	tion		
Indications of change		: None)	
Abbreviations and acronyms			
		ETA-Estimate of Acute Toxicity	
		CLP- Classification Labeling Packaging - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 relating to cla labeling and packaging. REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals – Regu 1907/2006 concerning the registration, evaluation and authorization of chemical su well as the restrictions applicable to these substances. EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances - Inventor	ıssification, ılation (EC) No ıbstances, as ry
		European marketed chemical substances	
		CAS number - numerical identifier assigned by the Chemical Abstract Service (USA)	
		PPE - Personal protective equipment	
		LC50 - Lethal Concentration - Lethal concentration for 50% of the population tested	
		RMM-Risk Management Measures	
		PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.	
		vPvB - very (very) Persistent and very (very) Bioaccumulative.	
		STOT - SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure; Specific target organ tox exposure. CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment	icity - Single
		EN - European Norm - European Standard	
		UN - United Nations - United Nations	
		ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous God	ods by Road
		IATA - International Air Transport Association - International Air Transport Associati	on
		IMDG Code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code - Code for maritime tr	ansport
Training Tinc		The ricks of apphysication are often underestimated and must be emphasized during	a oporator
DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY		The risks of asphysiation are often underestimated and must be emphasized durin training. Before using this product for a new application or for testing, a thorough material c study and risk analysis should be performed. The information given in this document is believed to be accurate at the time of prin	g operator ompatibility nting.
		Despite the care taken in drafting this document, no liability can be accepted in the damage or accident resulting from its use.	event of