

Safety data sheet

Conforme au Règlement (CE) N° 1907/2006 (REACH) tel que modifié par le Règlement (UE) 2015/830

NITROUS OXIDE

Date de révision : 14/10/2021 Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Version: 5.0

Référence FDS: EIGA093A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

NITROUS OXIDE Trade name MSDS No. EIGA093A

Chemical description

CAS number: 10024-97-2

N°ONE: 1070 EC number: 233-032-0

REACH registration number 01-2119970538-25

Chemical formula N2O __

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant uses identified See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the appendix of the SDS. Uses advised against Do not inhale the product voluntarily, because of the risk of asphyxiation. Do not inhale the product voluntarily because of its narcotic effects

1.3. Information regarding the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company identification SARI RAYANOX

Z.A. Bethioua Wilaya from Oran, Algeria

Phone: 041-79-35-22 Fax: 041-79-32-23 Contact@rayanox.co sarlrayanox@gmail.com

1.4. Emergency call number

Emergency call number Phone: +21365550342

SECTION 2: Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards Oxidizing gases, Category 1 H270 Gas under pressure: Liquefied gas H280 Health hazards Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure, Category 3, H336

Narcotic Effects

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)







Signal word (CLP)

Hazard statements (CLP) : H270 - May cause or aggravate a fire; fuel.

: H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention: P260 - Do not breathe gases, vapors P244 - No oil or grease on taps and fittings.

P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position where - Intervention:

they can breathe comfortably. Consult a physician immediately.

P370+P376 - In the event of fire: close the leak if it can be done without danger.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. – Storage :

Do not inhale the product voluntarily, because of the risk of asphyxiation. Do not inhale the product intentionally because of its narcotic effects.

2.3. Other dangers

Additional Information



Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Remplace la fiche : 4.0 Date de révision : 14/10/2021 Version : 5.0 Référence FDS : EIGA093A

: Contact with liquid may cause cold burns and frostbite.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

| NAME | Product identifier | % | Impurities in ppm | | | | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] |
|----------------------|---|------|-------------------|-----|----|-------|---|
| <u>Nitrous oxide</u> | (CAS No.) 10024-97-2 (EC no.) 233-032-0 REACH registration number: 01- 2119970538-25 | > 98 | H2O | NO | со | CO2 | Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 STOT SE 3, H336 |
| | | | ≤ 67 | ≤ 2 | ≤5 | ≤ 300 | |

3.2. Blends: Not applicable

SECTION 4: First Aid

4.1. Description of first aid

Inhalation
 Move the victim to an uncontaminated area, wearing a breathing apparatus

Individual Autonomous (ARI). Keep victim warm and at rest. Call a doctor.

Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if victim stops breathing and breathes more.

- Skin contact In case of frostbite, spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain

medical assistance.

Eye contact
 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

Ingestion Ingestion is not considered a possible mode of exposure

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May have narcotic effects at low concentrations. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache,

nausea and loss of coordination.

Refer to section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: Get medical attention.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents Water spray or cloud

The product does not burn, use fire fighting measures appropriate to the surrounding fire

Unsuitable extinguishing agents Do not use a jet of water to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific risks Maintains combustion.

Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture and explode

Hazardous Combustion Products Nitric oxide/nitrogen dioxide

5.3. Tips for firefighters

Specific methods Use extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat may cause

gas containers to rupture. Cool exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.

Do not allow watering water used in emergency cases to flow into the gutters.

If possible, stop the gas flow.

Use water spray or cloud to reduce the fumes to the ground if possible

In the event of a leak, do not spray the container with water. Hose down surrounding area (from

protected location) to contain fire.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and gas-tight, chemical-resistant protective

clothing

Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid or gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid

particles. Gas-tight protective clothing for rescue teams.

Standard EN 137 - Autonomous open circuit compressed air device with a full face mask. Standard EN 469: protective clothing for firefighters. Standard EN 659: Protective gloves

For firefighters

SECTION 6: Measures to be taken in the event of accidental release

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Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Remplace la fiche : 4.0 Date de révision : 14/10/2021 Version : 5.0 Référence FDS : EIGA093A

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-rescuers Act according to the local emergency plan.

Try to stop the leak. Evacuate the area.

Eliminate sources of ignition Provide adequate air ventilation.

Use protective clothing

Prevent the product from entering sewers, basements, pits, or any other location where its

accumulation could be dangerous.

Stav upwind

See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment

For rescuers Check the concentration of the rejected product.

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when entering the area unless you have

verified that it is safe.

See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

6.2. <u>Precautions for environmental protection</u>

Try to stop the leak.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area

6.4. Reference to other SECTIONS

See also sections 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safety when using the product

Safety when handling the gas container

The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Use only service approved lubricants and sealants

gas specific.

Only persons with appropriate experience and training should handle gases under pressure.

Consider adding pressure safety valve(s) to the installation.

You ensure that the entire gas installation has been (or is regularly) checked for the absence of

leaks, before use

Do not smoke while handling the product.

Keep equipment free of oil and grease

Do not use oil or grease.

Use only specified equipment appropriate for this product and its operating pressure and

temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.

Use only lubricants and sealants approved for oxygen service

Use only with cleaned equipment, approved for oxygen use and rated for cylinder pressures Temperatures above 150°C (300°F) should be avoided by all means possible to reduce the occurrence of explosive decomposition of nitrous oxide. clean all surfaces in direct contact with

nitrous oxide as for oxygen service.

Transfer pumps must be equipped with a shut-off system to avoid running dry

Use self-limiting heating systems. Electric heaters with direct contact with the product are not $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left$

permitted.

Avoid the return of water, acids and alkalis.

Do not breathe gas.

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Refer to supplier's instructions for container handling.

Prohibit products from coming back into the container

Protect bottles from physical damage, do not pull, roll, slide, drop

To move the bottles even over a short distance, use a trolley (bottle roller,

etc.), designed for transporting bottles

Leave the valve protective cap in place until the container is again secured either by a wall or

bracket or placed in a container or moved into position for use.

If the user encounters any difficulty when opening or closing the cylinder valve, he must

discontinue use and contact the supplier

Never attempt to repair or modify a vessel's valve or its pressure relief devices.

Damaged valves must be reported to the supplier immediately

Keep container valve outlets clean and uncontaminated, especially with oil or water.

If the container has been equipped with one, as soon as it has been disconnected from the

installation, replace the cap or the tap outlet plug.

Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.

Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another package. Never use a direct flame or electric heater to increase the pressure in the container.

Do not remove or damage the labels put on by the supplier to identify the contents of the bottle.

Prevent water from being drawn into container.

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3/8



Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Remplace la fiche : 4.0 Date de révision : 14/10/2021 Version : 5.0 Référence FDS : EIGA093A

Open the tap slowly to avoid a sudden build-up of pressure (water hammer).

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Follow all local regulations and requirements for container storage.

Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to aggravate corrosion.

Container valve covers or caps must be in place.

Containers must be stored in an upright position and secured to prevent falling.

Containers in stock should be periodically checked for general condition and absence of leaks.

Store the container in a well-ventilated area, at a temperature below 50°C In storage, separate flammable gases and other flammable materials

Store containers in places not exposed to the risk of fire and away from sources of heat and

ignition.

Keep away from combustible materials

7.3. Specific end use(s)

: None).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control Settings

OEL (Occupational Exposure Limits)

 Local Name
 : Nitrous oxide

 OE TWA
 : 180 mg/m3

 OEL TWA [ppm]
 : 100ppm

Reference : ILO and WHO 2018 ICSC: 0067 (June 2015)

DNEL (Derived No Effect Dose) : None established.
PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)) : None established.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate technical controls

Maintain adequate local and general exhaust ventilation.

Product to be handled in a closed system.

Pressure equipment must be checked regularly to check for leaks Ensure that exposure limits are not exceeded (if available).

Gas detectors should be used when oxidizing gases are likely to be released

Think about work permits, e.g. for servicing.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

A risk analysis of the use of the product must be conducted and documented in all workplaces affected by the use of the product in order to choose personal safety equipment regarding the

identified risks. The following recommendations should be considered

Choose Personal Protective Equipment that complies with recommended EN/ISO standards. Wear tight safety glasses and a face shield when transferring or disconnecting transfer lines.

Standard EN 166 - Individual eye protection - Specifications.

Skin protection

Thermal risks

041 - 74 - 93 -23/24

Hand protection
 Wear protective gloves when handling gas cylinders.

Standard EN 388-Protective gloves against mechanical risks.

Wear cold-insulating gloves during transfer operations or disconnection of transfer lines.

Standard EN 511 - Insulating gloves against the cold.

-Miscellaneous Consider the use of fire-resistant safety clothing.

Standard EN ISO 14116 - Materials with limited flame expansion.

Wear safety shoes when handling cylinders.

Standard EN ISO 20345: Personal Protective Equipment - safety shoes.

Respiratory protection Gas filters can be used if all surrounding conditions are known eg concentration and type of

impurities and duration of use.

Use gas filters and a face mask when exposure limits can be exceeded for a short period e.g.

connecting, disconnecting cylinders.

Consult the product information of the respiratory equipment supplier to choose the most

appropriate

Gas filters do not protect against under oxygenation.

Standard EN 14387 - Respiratory protective devices - Gas filters and combined filters and

Standard EN 136 - Respiratory protective devices - full face masks.

Have a personal self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) ready for use in an emergency Self-contained breathing apparatus recommended when there is a risk of unknown exposure

during maintenance activities on installation equipment.

Standard EN 137 - Autonomous open circuit compressed air device with a full face mask. Wear insulating gloves against the cold. Wear cold-insulating gloves when transferring or

breaking the transfer.

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4/8



Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Remplace la fiche : 4.0 Date de révision : 14/10/2021 Version : 5.0 Référence FDS : EIGA093A

8.2.3. Ambient Exposure Controls

Refer to local regulations for atmospheric emission restrictions. See Section 13 for specific methods for treating waste gases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on essential physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa
 Color
 Gaseous
 colorless.

• Color : coloriess.

Smell : Sweetish. Difficult to detect at high concentration.

Odor threshold : Detection of thresholds by smell is subjective and inappropriate for warning in the event of

overexposure

pH : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Melting Point / Freezing Point :-90.81°C
Boiling point :-88.5°C

Flash point : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures. Evaporation rate : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Non-flammable. Explosive limits : Non-flammable. Vapor pressure [20°C] : 50.8 bar (a). Vapor pressure [50°C] : Not applicable. Vapor density : Not applicable.

Relative density, liquid (water=1) : 1.2
Relative density, gas (air=1) : 1.5
water solubility : 1500mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : 0.4

Auto-ignition temperature : Non-flammable.
Decomposition temperature : Not applicable.

Viscosity : No reliable data available.

Explosive properties : Not applicable. Oxidizing properties : Oxidizing.

Other information

Molar mass : 44 g/mol Critical temperature [°C] : 36.4°C Oxygen equivalence coefficient (Ci) : 0.6

Other data : Gas or vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined areas, especially low spots and

basements.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in the sections below

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

At temperatures above 575 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and atmospheric pressure, nitrous oxide decomposes into nitrogen

and oxvgen.

In the presence of catalysts (e.g.: halogenated products, mercury, nickel, platinum), the speed $\ensuremath{\mathsf{N}}$

rate increases and decomposition can then occur at even lower temperatures. The decomposition of nitrous oxide is an irreversible phenomenon and of

exothermic causing a considerable rise in pressure.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violently oxidizes organic matter.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

041 - 74 - 93 -23/24

Avoid humidity in installations.

10.5. Incompatible materials

May react violently with combustible materials.

May react violently with reducing agents.

Keep equipment free of oil and grease

 $\label{thm:count} \textbf{Take into account, in the event that there is inflammation, the potential risk of toxicity due to the}$

presence of chlorinated or fluorinated polymers in high pressure oxygen pipes

(>30bar).

For more information on compatibility, refer to ISO 11114.

Materials such as carbon steels, low alloy steels and plastic materials become brittle at low

temperatures and are likely to break. Use

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Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Remplace la fiche : 4.0 Date de révision : 14/10/2021 Version : 5.0 Référence FDS : EIGA093A

materials resistant to the cryogenic conditions present in the systems of

refrigerated liquefied gases

Consult supplier for specific recommendations

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products under normal conditions of use and storage

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

acute toxicity : The classification criteria are not met.

 LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]
 : 500000ppm/4h

 Skin corrosion/irritation
 : No known effects with this product.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No known effects with this product.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : No known effects with this product.

Cell mutagenicity : No known effects with this product.

Carcinogenicity : No known effects with this product.
Toxic for reproduction: fetus : No known effects with this product.

Toxic for reproduction: fetus : No known effects with this product.

 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure
 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
 : Haemotoxic effect.

Neurological effect.
At low concentrations:
Central nervous system.

Erythrocytes (red blood cells). Kidneys.

Liver.

Inhalation hazard : Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures

Other information Inhalation has narcotic effects

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment This product is harmless to the environment. EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] No data available.

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]

EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]

No data available.

C50 96 Hours - fish [mg/l]

No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment

ment Not applicable to non-organic products

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment No bioaccumulation to be expected in case of low log Kow (log Kow <4).

See section 9.

12.4. Mobility in the ground

Assessment Due to its high volatility, pollution of soil or water by this product is unlikely.

Penetration into the ground not likely .

12.5. Results of PBT and VPVB assessments

Assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause frost damage to vegetation.

Effect on the ozone layer : No effect on the ozone layer.

Global warming potential [CO2=1] : 298

Effect on global warming : May contribute to the greenhouse effect when discharged in large quantities.

No data available.

: Contains greenhouse gas(es).

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact supplier if instructions are needed.

Can be vented to a well-ventilated area

Do not dispose of in any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.

Verify that emission levels required by local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded. For further recommendations on gas disposal methods, refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc 30

"Disposal of gases", downloadable from http://www.eiga.eu.

Return the unconsumed product to the supplier in its original container

List of hazardous waste 16 05 04: Gases in pressurized containers (including halons) containing substances

Dangerous.

13.2. Further information

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041 - 74 - 93 -23/24



 Date d'émission : 14/10/2021
 Remplace la fiche : 4.0
 Date de révision : 14/10/2021
 Version : 5.0

Référence FDS : EIGA093A

The treatment and disposal of waste by third parties must be in accordance with local and/or national legislation.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

14.1. <u>UN number</u>

UN number : 1070

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Nitrous oxide

Transport by sea (IMDG)

NITROUS OXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labeling



2.2: Non-flammable, non-toxic gases.

5.1: Oxidizing materials.

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Class :2 Classification code : 20 Danger no. : 25

Restriction of passage through tunnels : C/E - Prohibition on crossing tunnels of categories C, D and E for transport in tanks. Prohibition

on crossing category E tunnels.

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class or division / Subsidiary risk(s) : 2.2 (5.1)

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Not applicable
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable
Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : None).
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None).
Transport by sea (IMDG) : None).

14.6. Special precautions to be taken by the user

Packaging instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Passenger and cargo aircraft : 200
Cargo plane only : 200
Transport by sea (IMDG) P200

Precautionary measures for transport Avoid transport in vehicles whose load compartment is not separated from the driver's cab.

Ensure that the vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and the steps to take in

the event of an accident or other emergency situation.

Before transporting containers:

Make sure there is adequate ventilation.Make sure containers are firmly secured

- Make sure the cylinder valve is closed and not leaking

- Make sure that the valve outlet protective cap (when present) is correctly fitted.

- Ensure that the valve protection device (when present) is correctly fitted

14.7. Transport in bulk in accordance with Annex II of the Marpol Convention and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific to the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Employment Restrictions : None). Seveso Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Listed .

National guidelines

National regulations: : Ensure that all national or local regulations are followed.

Chemical Safety Assessment

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FR: Français
7/8

041 - 74 - 93 -23/24



Date d'émission : 14/10/2021 Référence FDS : EIGA093A Remplace la fiche: 4.0

Date de révision : 14/10/2021

: A Chemical Risk Assessment (CSA) does not need to be carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indications of change

: None).

Abbreviations and acronyms

ETA-Estimate of Acute Toxicity

CLP- Classification Labeling Packaging - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 relating to classification, labeling and packaging.

Version: 5.0

REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals – Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the registration, evaluation and authorization of chemical substances, as well as the restrictions applicable to these substances.

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances - Inventory

European marketed chemical substances

CAS number - numerical identifier assigned by the Chemical Abstract Service (USA)

PPE - Personal Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration - Lethal concentration for 50% of the population tested

RMM-Risk Management Measures

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

vPvB - very (very) Persistent and very (very) Bioaccumulative.

STOT - SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure ; Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure.

CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment

EN - European Norm - European Norm

UN - United Nations - United Nations

ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IATA - International Air Transport Association - International Air Transport Association

IMDG Code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code - Code for maritime transport

: None).

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Before using this product for a new application or for testing, a thorough material

compatibility study and risk analysis should be performed.

The information given in this document is believed to be accurate at the time of printing.

Despite the care taken in drafting this document, no liability can be accepted in the event of damage or accident resulting from its use.

Training tips

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

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